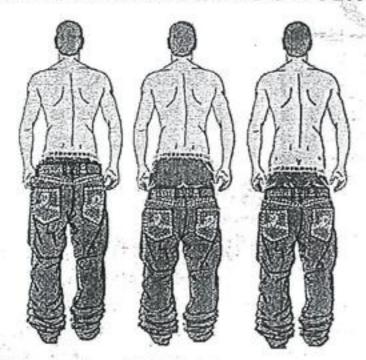
#### **PUBLIC SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENT**



For all those that think it's nice to walk around with your pants below your butt ... read the following:

This trend was born in the United States' jails and prisons, where prisoners who were willing to have sex with other prisoners needed to invent a signal that would go unnoticed by the guards so they wouldn't suffer the consequences. So, by partially showing their butts, they showed that they were available to be penetrated by other inmates.

## PUBLIC SERVICE ANNOUNCENT

This is a demonstratable outrageous

I ONLY Dispute inasmich that theorigin of Shaggy Pants', i.e., Pants below the buttis the Prison Sktom.

IN 1920 AL PACIOS (Sic) Mode ON IN-FAMOUS GAY MOVIE "CRUISING" forthattime. It was very contraversial... ON The Cover of Time MABAZINE! It generated "Hot Topic" like Public dialogue.

White make gays cultrue have signals indicating sexual Preferences like Large Red Bandanna, and "Shagay Pants" signal "ANAL SEX"!

# MIXED MESSAGES COST LIVES.
ESPECIALLY IN PRISON!!!!!!

BY: LEON IRBY. DATED! MARCH 2, 2016

#### DAILY INSPIRATIONS OF STRENGTH



What does it mean to be strong? Does it mean physical prowess or control over others? God has given us many kinds of strength, but the most important is the strength that comes from having a steadfast faith and a resilient spirit. With a foundation that is unshakable, we can overcome any obstacle, challenge, or situation that comes our way.

EASTER-SIAL A 2013

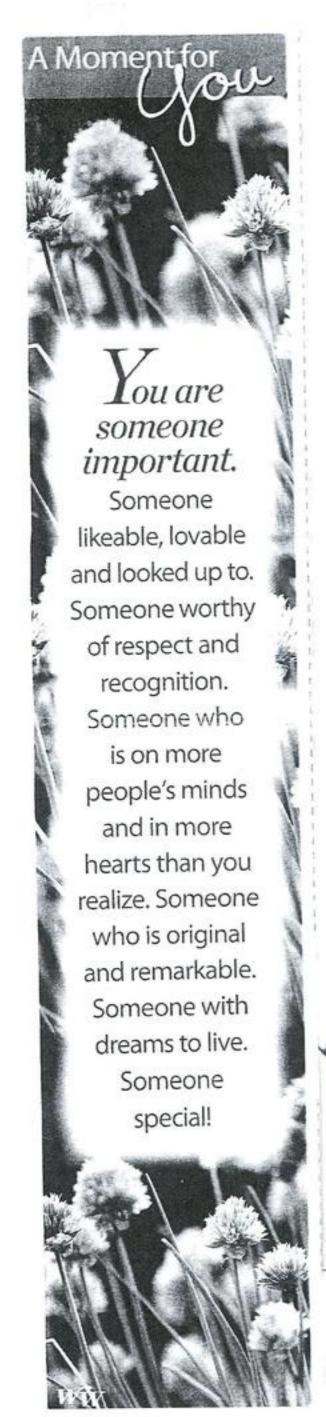
God gives us just what we can handle, and he also gives us the courage, abilities, and skills to deal with those challenges that often, at the time, seem insurmountable. When we feel that our own strength is about to fail us, we can always call upon God, knowing that we are not alone and that we have "backup" to help us. Just as a police officer or soldier relies on his or her backup to assist in dangerous situations, God is our partner, working in invisible silence but with us nonetheless. Just understanding this provides us with amazing strength and courage.





"The highest levels of performance come to people who are centered, intuitive, creative and reflective — people who know to see a problem as an opportunity."

- Deepak Chopra



Patience is the ability to keep your motor idling when you feel like stripping your gears.



He that is slow to anger is better than the mighty; and he that ruleth his spirit than he that taketh a city.

Proverbs 16:32

He who cannot forgive breaks the bridge over which he himself must pass.



For if ye forgive men their trespasses, your heavenly Father will also forgive you. Matthew 6:14



# THANK YOU NOTE !!!

# SHOUT-DUT TO NBC SNL

NIN. C., N.Y., Feb. 13,2016, SATURDAY NIGHT, USA;

THANK YOU! SNL, FOR FINAlly ex-Posing to the Universe what we've Suspected ALL Along that BEYONCE IS Really BLACK !!!!!!

So! WHAT'S NEXT!

Now tell US: WILL JAY Z RUN for Elected office [ Was Yeezy his John, The Bapist, fore RUNNER P? PJ ! [

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 20,2016

# PEARLS! DROPPING PEARLS!!

BERNIE (Sen. (D) VT.) AND TRUMP (R. (N.Y.)

UPDATE:

Universal Friends:

The Media Industrial Complex ex-Claims [ECHO CHAMBERS] Candidates Bernie Sanders and Donald Trump are unelectable!

However, ONLY because the Actual Establishment Wholly Block their Nomination and Availability to the Voters.

# The System is Fixed!!

SEE USA TODAY COLUMUNIST SUSAN PAGE (PAGE) PBS.Org/ NEWSHOUR FEBRUARY Z, 2016 (UNDCCEPTABLE FOESTABLISMENT BY: LEON IRBY DATED; FEBRUARY 20, 2016

## Twelve Symptoms of Inner Peace



The hopeful man sees success where others see failure, sunshine where others see shadows and storm.

O. S. MARDEN

The Lord bless you, and keep you:

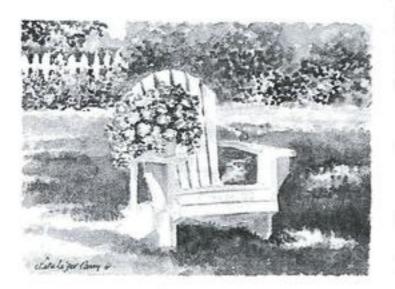
The Lord make his face shine on you, and be gracious to you:

The Lord lift up his countenance

Numbers 6:24-26

on you,

and give you peace.



- Tendency to think and act spontaneously rather than from fear based on past experiences.
- An unmistakable ability to enjoy each moment.
- Loss of interest in judging self.
- Loss of interest in judging other people.

Loss of interest in

- conflict.
- Loss of interest in interpreting the actions of others.
- Loss of ability to worry (This is a serious symptom).
- Frequent overwhelming episodes of appreciation:
- Contented feelings
   of connectedness
   with others and
   nature.

- Frequent attacks of smiling through the eyes of the heart.
- 11. Increasing susceptibility to the love extended by others as well as the uncontrollable urge to extend it.
- 12. Increasing tendency to let things happen rather than to make them happen.

#### Reflection

The first step in learning to love one another is to remove the robes of judgment!

Who, except God, can know what dwells within the heart and soul of another?

There is a story of a man who visited an art museum with some friends. Pausing before each of the exhibits, he had nothing but criticism for the work of the artist...until...he stood before a mirror.

God is the artist who created each and every one of us. How then, could we ever criticize the work of God?

If we put aside the robes of judgment, we are free to discover love in all its magnificence—not just love of neighbor, but also love of self.

Scripture tells us love is patient and kind, never jealous or boastful, not arrogant or rude...

Love is acceptance...Love is a gift from God!

† Am I too quick to find fault in others? What can I do to change this behavior?

1092

a new commandment:
love one another.

As I have loved you,
so you also should
love one another.

This is how all will know
that you are My disciples,
if you have love
for one another."

(John 13:34-35)





Ingels
God puts on this Earth

Who care for us and guide us. You can feel their love and gentleness as they walk through life beside us.

They do great things for us every day they whisper in our ears, they even hold us in their hearts when we are filled with all our fears.

They are always there to give a hug and try to make us smile.
They treat us with respect and love, they treat us like their child.

God blessed me with an Angel, I'm proud to call my own. She's been with me throughout my life, been with me as I've grown.

She's guided me the best she can, she's taught me like no other, and I'm thankful I'm the lucky one who get's to call her... Mother

Trust in the Lord with all

Heart

Proverb 3:5



2092 DATED; FEBRUARY 25/2016

BY: LEON IRBY

#### EX POSE

HANNIBAL BURESS

AKA AGENT PROVOCATEUR IS.

OR. BILL COSBY

AKA AMERICA'S FAVORITE DAD

AND BETRAVALAT THE CROSSROADS!

COMINS OFF PBS. OFG Illuminating "BLACK
PHANTERS PARTY THE VANGUARD OF THE REVOLUTION",
FEBRUARY 16, 2016, TUESDAY & P.M. CST ON WPT. COM,
Which Exposed FBI Agent Provocateur
Negro William Onell, Who Sold for Measly
\$300.00, MR. Fred Hompton and Mr. Mark
Clark to FBI Excutioners!!!

Which is so Reminiscent of Washington Post Negroe Columnist Coleman Nefarious Betrayal of then "FIRED-UP" Demonstratic Presidential Candidate Jesse Jacksonisc, in Publishing his condid Confidential Purported "New York Hymie Town" Comment.!!

THEN ESQUIRE COMETH!

ON February 22, 2016 MY ESQUIRE. COM

MARCH 2016, P. 39, With HANNIBAL BURESS STORY Revealing his sinister role in Hollywood is con-Spiracy against DR. Cospy !!! SEE BEGW, P.3

## WHO IS THAT MINISTRAL!!!!

HONNIBAL a Previous IV UNKNOWN NEGROE MINISTRAL; SEE BELOW, P. 4

The Piece expose Honnibal Previous and Nection to NBC SAL "Writer on saturday Night Live. Writer on 30 Rock..." All connecting to Tiny Fey and Amy Poemler! That's Where the initial Accusatory Bod Jokes about Dr. Cosby Drugging and Rapping Women astensibly originated therefrom!! I set

Since his Dirty Deed Done Cheap" Hannibal has gone from Cult Comic to Main-Stream Star", SEE BELOW, P.4; ESP.P.3

SINCE the FIRST AFRICAN SLAVE landed IN the USA, the ESTABLISHMENT has even Used Negroes to shoot Down genuine Black Superstars and super Honorable Heroes! Ilike

Madam Phylica Rushad ailuded to inher ABC NEWS. Com ZNTERVIEW. Jan. 8, 2015 5:30 pm. CSTUSA.

2084



The ESQA A HONNIBOL BUTESS

THE COMEDIAN - ACTOR TALKS ABOUT ACTING, UNDER-STATEMENT, GARBAGE ARTICLES " DUBAL, AND, OH YEAH, LOSBY INTERVIEWED BY SCOTT RAAB E SQUIRE, COM MARCH

2016, P. 39

SR: You've been doing more movie work.

HB: I've been getting a lot of movie opportunities. II. did Daddy's Home with Mark Walberg and Will Ferrell. I'm doing voice over work in Movies. I've got the Secret Life of Pets, and Angry Birds, and this Indie film cailed Band of Robbers. It's justfun.

LAST QEA.

SR: You got too big, man. You can just Salit. HB: Sure. [...]; P. 39 \_ END QUOTE

#### THE DOSSIER: HANNIBAL BURESS

Date of birth:

FEBRUARY 4, 1983

Which mokes him:

33

Hometown: chicago

Namesake:

Hannibal Barca, the Carthaginton [Carthaginian] Military Commander

#### Most famous bit:

Bill cosby has the fuckling smudgest old Man ... black Man Public Persond that I hate. Pull YOUR PARTS UP, black PEOPle, I was ON TV IN the 80 s. I can talk down to You because I had a successful Sitcom, Yeah, but You Paped Women, Bill Cosby, SO. brings You down a couple Notches.

Which led to: More than So Women coming forward to accuse Cosby of sexual abuse. AND Produced this follow-up I hate your Music More than Bill Cosby hates My comedy" at the Justin Bither Poast, P. 4/0 . Id - END QUOTE

BY: LEON IRBY

40f4 DATED; FEBRUARY 25,2016

# MAD! MAD!! WORLD!!

SHOUT- OUT
TO TRAVVON MA'RTIN'S
PLUS FOUR OTHER MOTHERS
OF BLACK SONS MURDERED
BY POLICE!!!
AND JOHN BROWN'S BUDY

You mothers, who shamelessly Exploit your own Five Sons' Graves to gain emotional BLACK' VOTES" FOR HILLARY (BILL) CLINTON, whose Polices Hugely Created these ANTI-BLACK Social Crisises Circumstance, ought to be ashamed of Your-Selves! How Long!!

I've not witnessed Such Degree of obscenity Since Published Photos of Negroes Weeping over Gov. CD. ALA.)
George Wallace's CASKET.

GOVERNORIN his Stead!

Those Who Vote for CLINTONS ought to Lose Your Vote! You did Not EARN, Nor do You Deserve it!!!

### HOW LONG

Check-OUT Modern Joy ANN REID, MENBE CONTRIBUTOR; AUTHOR FRACTURED ... ON NBC MEET THE PRESS. COM NBC NEWS. COM FEB. 21, 20 LG1 SUNDAY HO: A.M. CST CHER COM-MENTS J...

ALSO: CBS OVERNIGHT NEWS. COM FEB. 25, 2016.

# IF THE MIND IS ENSLAVED, THE BODY C'ANNEVER BEFREE! MLKJR.

BY: LEONIRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 27,2016

A MESSAGE TO THE UNIVERSE [I S THERE ANYBODY DUT THERE]?? WILL YOU RECEIVE THIS MESSAGE!!!

#### UPDATE

#### MR. HUEY P. NEWTON

BLACK PANTHER PARTY
THE VANGUARD OF THE REVOLUTION
ZNDEPENDENTLENS PBS. OPG
WPT. COM FEBRILARY 16, 2016
SIA.M. CST LEA

#### MIND ALTERING EXPRIMENTS

AN informed analysis of the Illuminating objective Documentary, posethe IN-ESCAPARLE, that is, TRUTH that the intentional cause of the Chairman Huey P. Newton push-Down... was a fundamental Flaw in his Compades to grasp the bottomless depth of EVIL and TRICKERY Used by the FRI Operatives Cincluding their Agent Provocateurs ! 17 to Utterly Detroy his MIND! Soul! And Bopy!!!

EXPERIMENTATION

What did thex do to him while he was in Prisons? [ E.g. LSD or chemicals?]!
How did thex effect upon his MND...

OND BEHAVIORAL Alter Expriences?

HUEY DID NOT LET THE MOVEMENT DOWN

Contrarily, for human failure to apply sophisticated consideration to these Kinds of Enguires, the movement Letour Dear Brother Huer Down!

RIPXXOXO!!]

# MINDALTERING EXPERIMENTS.

BY: LEONIRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 27,2016

ZOFZ

#### OSCARS AND MINSTREL FEBRUARY 28,2016

MINISTREL CHRIS ROCK ATTACKING
MR. HAN COCK'''S WIFE JEDOA PICKEH!
WOTCH YOUR SKINNY ASS!
MR. AND MS. SMITH !!!
DON'T PLAY THAT, boy!

# OSCARS MINSTREL SHOW

BY; LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 29, 2016

## OSCARS FEBRUARY 28,2016

Universal Friends,

Why Did Minstrel Chris Rock spend his bit Noming and Castigating Boycotters like Ms. Jada - Aickett-smith and demeaning Power and Tradition of Boycotts!

NOT A MINSTRELJOB!!!

NEGROE ON BLACK RACISM!!!!!!

# MINISTREL SHOW !!!

RY; LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 29,2016

LEBUTHBAJSIJOIE -AND HENDRARY WHITES CSCAR S

" ANIJI DAM 4298 AAH 21 13V1A2) 754ABUDJ" END DAND ! YESTIMW" 2D (22A9) VIBNONAH Whoop! Goldberg and chris Rock are NEORDE ON BLACK RACISM

I TZIDAA 94 MW ST

I ooth alay VINDIA BUA

7707 LON

# OSCAR MINDIRELS HOW!!

BY, LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 292016

# OSCARS AND MINSTREL

NEGROE ON BLACK RACISMI

Hey! Chris
Jodo Pickett-Smith
Wasnit Invited To THE OSCARS
Cause You and Whoppi Gallberg
USURPED (STOLE! ROBBED!! JACKED)!!

Jada'S TICKET TO RIDE!!

# RosaParkJado Pald For YourTicket Chris !!!

BX'LEON IRBY BATED: FEBRUARY 29,2016

OSCARS, AND ZDL !!!

SHOUT-OUT TO: SACHA BARDN

LENNY BRILLE RICHARD PRYOR GEORG CARLIN

The Realist Thing on The Oscons!

Loll!!!

THANK YOU!

# VOTE BERNIEBABY!

BY: LEON IRBY DATED; FEBRUARY 2912016

### OSCAR 5 AND MINISTREL FEBRUARY 28, 2016 TWO GROUPS AND BOY COTTS

Minstrel Chris Rock appointed himself Some Type of DR. Who Lord Master of Universe: Telling us we don't need Boycotts!

-ROSO PORK - BOYCOTT (MONT GOMERY, ALA.)
BUSES

Minstrels like Chris Rock and Missy Whoop! Righly benefit from there Sac-Pifice!! ALLOSCARS ATTENDEES!!!!

# VOTE BERNIE BABY!!!

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 29,2016

# MORE!!!

SHOUT-OUT TO: SISTAH STEPHANIE MILLER PROGRESSIVE RADIO HOST USA

The ESTABLISHMENT had It schemed out to Pit the BUSHSDYNASTY VERSUS the CLINTON IS DYNASTY.

However (R) Condidate Donald Trump devocatatingly Vanished (R.) candidate JEB Bush in CS. CJIIII

Nonetheless, the Democratic Party" DEMO-CROTS" are BLINDLY doomed in Proceeding Under this convincingly defeated Paradigm, as overwhelmingly REFlected in Trumps "huge!" HIGHER VOTERTURN OUT rate, and Democrats over ALL Lower VOTERS Turnout compared to 2008.

WOMAN PRESIDENT V. 30 YEARS IN POLITICS !!

(BILL) Presidency Mont a page CLINTON

# SISTEM! YOU ALL IN DENIAL![!!!

#### BY: LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 29,2016

OSCARS FEBRUARY 28,2016

## SHOCK AND DISMAY !!!!!

Seeing I conic Black Actor Lou Gossett. Ir. at the Oscars!

He appeared in the original movie 'A RASIN IN THE SUN!

HE KNEW OUR GREAT ANCESTORS LIKE MALCOLMX; ROSA PARKER! DR. MLKJR.

AND HE BET: HE KNEW BETTER! I XOXO!!!

# VOTE BERNIE BABY!!!

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 29,2016

SHOUT-OUT
TO: MR. PLAYBOY HIGH HEFNER

AND HUGE DIS AGREEMENT

WITH
HUSTLER MR. LARRY FLYNT

Mr. Flynt last year told TMZTV. com that Mr. Hefner was Nuts to end PLAYBOY Fab Nude Pic!

O' Contrarily, Os in its beginning Mr. Hufner's Brilliant Genius Saw the Pics In the other Mags. Like young Lovely Actors Kristen Stewart, Selena Gomez, Models Cam Delevingne, Joan Small, Gigi Hadid and Such Glamourous Celebrities Posing Nucle in such glam Mags. as Vanity Fair; Vogues Ellei and Allure, etc.

Most likely these stars would not grace with their Sexy Comely Nakeness

# PLAYBOX Glorious Pages!

Therefore, the Competition PLA old PLAY BOY NUDE OUT OF BUSINES!

Good Job, MR. HUFNEP!!!

ASIDE: "EVERY TORN, HAS A ROSE", LOL! NO NUDE! THEN NO LAWFUL BAN! ON US WDOC PRISONERS PURCHASING PLAY-BOY!

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 29 ZOIG

20FZ

#### OSCARS FEBRUARY 28, 2016

### SILENCE IS GOLDEN!!

I wish Minstrel Chris Rock had Kept his SuperRich Mouth Shut!

# NELSON MANDELA

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: D FEBRUARY 29,2016

FEBRUARY 28, 2016

34 \_\_\_\_\_



Celebrate All That Binds Us Together From "One World, One Heart" By Susan Polis Schutz

Celebrate the blooming flowers the clear blue sky the deep green forests the perfect full moon the twinkling stars Celebrate the miracle of a baby the optimism of children the laughter of adolescents the responsibility of adults the wisdom of our elders Celebrate the love in our hearts the spirit in our souls the health of our bodies Celebrate all that binds us together as one



A good laugh is sunshine in a house.

WILLIAM MAKEPEACE THACKERAY

Mind clearing produces power steering. When your mind is clear, you will have the power to steer your life without any difficulty!





It is neither wealth nor splendor but tranquility and occupation which give happiness.

THOMAS JEFFERSON

#### Christmas

S E В T W T T T Υ A N N X E S M T В R T R S I C E В Α E R T D Z 0 N Α A E Y 0 R Н Q N H E Н U D X A D U ٧ P E R Q D Н E M T L G T G S Y E S N ı Α E P D S H Ε C H G H 0 N A D Υ U R X A 0 M E N B S Α U E D R Α В N G E B U Y D S R Α T Y 0 T Ε Α E T S 0 T L E M Α E В P G Z W D G S R R S S W N A N Α G 0 S C R Α S E R P S T N E S E X T 0 T F A N F Y U J D

ADVENT ANGEL BAUBLES BELLS BETHLEHEM BOXING DAY BRANDY
BREAD SAUCE
CANDLES
CAROL
CHESTNUT
CHILDREN

COMET
DECORATIONS
EPIPHANY
FAIRY LIGHTS
GOODWILL
MERRY

MISTLETOE
PRESENTS
TRADITION
VACATION
WASSAILING
YULE LOG

#### SHOUT-OUT TO: THE DR. BILL COSBY LEGION OF HATERS

Or. Eosby is wholly Innocent of Charges of DRUGGING and RAPING SO Accusers

"BILL COSBY INNOCENT!!!!!!"

KAYNE WEST'S TWEET

US MAG AZINE, COM MARCH 7, 2016, 9.34

Dear BLIND HATERS, Please Keep IN IRL "MIND" Some other celebrities / IN-Famous Cases, Like Actors Erroll FLYNN; Robert BLAKE; O. J Simpson; and Amada Knots; And NOW Dr. LUKE; P.P. 44-45. Id

The Rabid HATERS Taunt BILL that 50 Plus Females Con't be Wrong, but Dr. Cosby only Need Doubt In THE "MIND" of ONE JUROR.

AS a Matter of Law, DR. COSBY is Wholly INNOCENT.

BY: LEON IBBY DATED: FEBRUARY 29, 2016

# MS. CAMILLE COSBY AND CIVIL DISCREDIENCE!

MS. BILL Casby, YOU Missed Your Blessing When Not Choosing Jail over being UNLOW-FULLY Compelled to Bean witness against your Dear embattled Husband!

YOU DYPASSED ON OPPORTUNITY TO REFORUS
THE HUGE PUBLIC EYE, ALT APPLE'S TIM COOK—
TO THIS OUTROSEOUS "COUSPIRACY TO DESTROY
HIS EXEMPLARY LEGACY"

The BLACK LEGACY OF PERSONAL SACRIFICE POWER TO OVERCOME!!!

XOXO!

# BILL COSBY 15 INNOCENT!!!!!!

BY: LEON IRBY DATED! FEBRUARY 29,2016

# MORE LOVE!!!!! DR. WILLIAM BILL" COSBX Ph.d

11 Cliff - hanger

Have the damning sexual assault allegations Bill Cosby-the Man Once Known as "America's favorite dad"— destroyed the legacy of our greatest family sit com. "The Cosby Show?" Goldie Taylor explores the intensely complicated relationship between the fallen icon, his Most beloved Character and the broken hearts of black America."

HELL NOOOOO !!!!!

FORTHEREST OF THE COVER STORY AT EBONY, COM NOVEMBER 2016, P.100

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: FEBRUARY 29,2016

#### GOOD LEGAL NEWS

IN DR. BILL COSBY CRIMINAL CASE

UPDATE:

CBS NEWS, COM A NCHOR

CBS EVENING NEWS. COM Anchor Scott PELLY, 5:30pm. CST, USA TUESDAY, AMARCH 1, 2016 - Just Now Reported the Appeal Court Put a STAY, Halting any Further Proceedings IN Dr. Cosby's Crimal case: While it con-Sider his Motion to DISMISSTHE Case !!!

AMEN!!

#JUSTICE FOR ALL! #KEEPTHEFAITH

BY: LEON I RBY DATED; MARCH 1, 2016

MESSAGE TO THE UNIVERSE!!!!

[ITS THERE ANY BODY OUT THERE]??

WILL YOU RECEIVE THIS MESSAGE!!

SHOUT- OUT TO:
ACTOR MORGAN FREEMAN
THE VOICE FROM
THE DARK SIDE!!!!

## THE SLEVOLUTION WILL NOT BE TELEVISED !!! THE DAY THE BLACK VOTE STALLED THE COMING REVOLUTION!!!!!!

### UPDATE:

On Saturday February 20,2016, Nevado, The State KNOWN FOR Gambing and SECRECY had the Democratic Presidential Caucus.

The Essential BLACK Vote Went 75 Percent to Establishment condidate HILLARY CLINTON. O' WHAT NIGHT!!!

Thus Stalling Candidate Bernie Sander's PEOPLE'S Well KNOWN DEMOcrafic Socialist Revolution.

Leaders, without bouldt. Supported Clinton PLEASE Near here MY INformed TAKE ON IT!!!!

### PROM THE DARK SIDE

"MOICE" TO Norrate REASONS BLACKS OUGHT to "STAND WITH" SUPPORT HER! I heard his LIETHAT CZINTON MOS ALWAYS BEEN WITH BLACK FOLKS!!

Plus, Clinton exploited Traylon Martin and Five other Black men murdered By cops Trage-dy\_ With their Mothersholding Mock Funerals!!

WHAT A RACE CARD!!!

Yes! Bill was with Blacks when he, as Governor of Ankansas, left his then Presidential Campaigning - to Fly there to oversee a PHIFUL MENTALLY RETAINED BLACK BOX EXCUTION !!!

WHAT A RACE CARD!!!!!!

With BLACKS WHEN PLAYING THE RACE CARD against Sistah Soldier ! 1. !!

WITH BLACKS WHEN "ENDING WELFARE AS WE KNOW IT !!!!!! ONE MORE RACE CARD!!!!!

WITH BLACKS WHEN SIGNING CRIME BILL

LAWS RESUlting into What is termed Mass BLACK

INCARCERATION" INTO WHAT AN ACE OF SPADE

RACE CARD!!!!

With BLACKS When PLAYING THE RACE CARD IN The FIRST BLACK PRESIDENT BOROCK HOBAMA'S 2008 Compaign!!!!

With BLACKS When Nowaday's CLINTON Needing their votes!!!

REAL POLITIK!!!!!!

SEE America's Lurch to the Left" BY PETER BEINART: THE ATLANTIC. COM JANUARY FEB-RUARY 2016, COVER STORY, P. 60

# FEELTHE BERNIE BABY!!!!!!

FOR THE REST OF THE STORY "The Era Of (Bill) clinton Liberalism is over: "By Joan Walsh is Salow's Editor at large and the Author & What's the Matter With white People; FINDING DUR WAY IN THE NEXT AMERICA" at populist. COM. JUNE 1, 2015-P. 13

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: MARCH 1,2016
4 of 4

### THE REAL FIRST BLACK PRESIDENT 111

SHOUT-OUT
TO: SISTAH STEPHANIE MILLER
PROGRESSIVE RADIO HOST...

February 29, 2016, Monday, USA, Sistah Celebroting Hillory (BILL) CLINTON'S expected huge (S.C.) Feb. 27; SAT. PRIMARY WIN ---

> PROUDLY BOASTED CLINTONS GOT MORE BLACK VOTES THAN BARACK H. OBAMA IN (S.C.) 2008.

A Startlingly Historical REMINDER + hot BILL CLINTON is the ACTUAL ORGINAL: "FIRST BLACK PRESIDENT" !!!

NAMASTE!

# FIRSTBLACK PRESIDENT BILLCLINTON
# THE MISE DUCATION OF THENEGROE

BY: LEON ZABY DATED! FEBRUARY 27.2016

MESSAGE TO THE UNIVERSE CISTHERE ANY BODY OUT THERED ?? WILL YOU RECEIVE THIS LOVE!!!

5 HOUT- DUT TO: ALL THE BLACKS WHO VOTED FOR HILLARY CBILL) CLINTON

We shall Take Away Your Vote
You Did Not Earn IT;
NOR Deserve it!
Until Your "MIND"
Leaves the OLD PLANTATION!!!!
Moses

# IF the MIND IS ENSLAVED THE BODY CANNEVERBEFREE 11 - MIKJR.

BY, LEON IRBY: DATED: MARCH 2, 2016

### GAYLE KING

TWEETED TO MISTAKENINE MS. OPPULA FOR MS. WHOOPI "WE don't all look alike"!

SHOUT-DUT To: Gayle King

HOLMWOOD did SteroTYPE Them ALL ALIKE! DARK! FAT! MANNISH! A PEISH! AND UGLY!

AND WHITE FEMALES (JEANHARLOW) BLONDE BOMBSHELL (C. 1929) SEXY! BEAUTIFUL! PINUPS! MAGAZINE COVERS.

FOR A TEASER CHECK-OUT EBONY. COM NOVEMBER 2016 The NIGHT TIME IS THE RIGHT TIME A RE-trospective BY RAGIYAH MAYS!

# DENIAL

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: MARCH 1, 2016

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

SCANDAL! SEXUAL ABUSE BY STAFF! PHYSICAL ABUSE
REPORTED!!

# Lincoln Hills staffer sacked

3 more placed on paid leave amid prisoner abuse probe

By PATRICK MARLEY

pmarley@journalsentinel.com

Madison — A Lincoln Hills School employee was fired Friday for excessive use of force and three others were put on paid leave this week amid a probe into allegations of prisoner abuse, child neglect and sexual assault at the state's secure facility for young offenders.

Three others who were earlier put on paid leave quit this week. One of them, Timothy Johnson, contended his resignation was inadvertent and he asked to revoke it, but the head of the school refused to allow that.

Johnson and the fired employee, Travis Taves, were involved in an incident in which a resident's arm was fractured. In another case, Johnson was with a different youth when that teen's arm was broken, as well. In a third matter, a resident alleged Taves had hit him multiple times in the head

Please see LINCOLN, 2A

#### LINCOLN

### Staffers say they are being unfairly blamed for facility's problems

a claim Taves denied.

The two ex-staffers said they had done nothing wrong and believed they were being unfairly blamed for wide-ranging problems at Lincoln Hills and Copper Lake schools, which share a campus 30 miles north of Wausau in Irma.

"All the allegations are completely false," Johnson said.

"I've become a scapegoat: Lincoln Hills is the most corrupt, unprofessional place I've ever worked in. The supervisors and managers are lying bastards."

Taves said he would fight his termination and would try to eventually force Corrections Secretary Ed Wall and other department officials to testify about conditions at the school at a hearing to get his job back.

"When you ain't done anything wrong, why would I quit? Why would I fold? And I'm not going to give up," Taves said.

Department of Corrections spokeswoman Joy Staab has said the agency is committed to holding people accountable but is limited in what she can say about ongoing investigations. She and another department spokesman, Jeffrey Grothman, did not respond to questions about Taves' and Johnson's

accounts.

The firing and resignations this week came amid a yearlong state Department of Justice investigation of the facilities. Lincoln Hills houses about 220 teenage boys and young men and Copper Lake houses about 35 teenage girls and young women.

No one has been charged in the yearlong investigation, and Attorney General Brad Schimel has said the probe may last another year.

At least 19 Lincoln Hills employees have been put on paid leave, but the department has declined to name those who are continuing to receive pay while they are on leave or say how much taxpayers have paid them.

Taves and Johnson were paid tens of thousands of dollars each while they were on leave and they said they were frustrated by the slow pace of the investigation. Taves said he was on leave for 10 months before he was first interviewed by the officials conducting the internal investigation for the Department of Corrections.

They said they had not been interviewed by Department of Justice agents and did not believe they were under criminal investigation.

Johnson, 48, has worked for the Department of Corrections for 25 years. Taves, 34, started working at Lincoln Hills in 2008. The two said they received positive work reviews over the years, though Taves said he had gotten a written reprimand a couple of years ago for an incident involving the use of force.

#### Probe looks at 3 incidents

Taves and Johnson said they were both investigated for their response to a 2012 fight in which a resident was using a mop or broom handle against another resident. They said they were accused of using force on the teen after he was compliant, but they said they had not done that.

"I don't recall ever using any force on this youth," Tayes said.

The youth could have been injured during the fight with the other resident or when other staff took him to the ground, he said.

Johnson said he used a hold on the youth in which the wrist is pushed toward the forearm to create discomfort and gain compliance.

After the youth was moved to a room, it was clear he was injured. Johnson said he reported it, and he was taken to the hospital.

"I did not break this kid's wrist," he said. "I just did not do it."

Johnson said he reviewed video of part of the incident soon after it happened and that he and his colleagues had a textbook response to the fight. He said he was told that video no longer exists.

Taves said his discharge letter also cited him for an incident in late 2014 in which a youth being escorted to his room turned around and raised his fists as if to fight "All the allegations are completely false, I've become a scapegoat. Lincoln Hills is the most corrupt, unprofessional place I've ever worked in."

Timothy Johnson, Lincoln Hills employee who resigned this week

staff. He said he felt he was going to be assaulted, told the inmate to stop and took him to the ground.

Afterward, the inmate claimed Taves hit him multiple times in the head. Taves said he asked to have photos taken of his hands and another worker's hands to show they didn't have cuts, bruises or other signs they had hit anyone. A supervisor took photos of their hands, but not of a spot of blood on the floor or a 1-centimeter long cut on the youth's forehead, Taves said.

Johnson said the investigation involving him involved a separate incident in December 2014 in which he used a so-called compliance hold on a disruptive youth as he was transporting him to a secure room. The teen was later found to have a fracture.

"It was not my intent to cause any injury at all because the last thing I want to do is hurt anybody," Johnson said.

#### Paid leave, nearly a year

Taves and Johnson were the Lincoln Hills employees who had been on paid leave the longest.

Taves was put on leave in January 2015. He made \$51,000 in 2014 and would have been paid a similar amount for the time that he wasn't working.

Johnson was put on leave

on March 25. He made about \$54,500 in 2014 and would have taken in a little less than that during the 10 months he was on leave.

Johnson on Wednesday sent a short email saying he was retiring to Wayne Olson, the superintendent of Lincoln Hills. On Thursday, he sent a second email saying he had drafted the email but didn't intend to send it, and that it might have been accidentally sent when a family member logged him off his computer.

Johnson had prepared the resignation letters in case corrections officials tried to fire him after a pre-disciplinary meeting that was held Thursday, said Troy Bauch, who represents Lincoln Hills workers for Council 32 of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees.

Employees who quit can use unused sick leave in retirement to pay health care costs; those who are fired lose that ability.

Olson on Friday sent Johnson a letter saying he wouldn't allow him to rescind his retirement.

According to the Department of Corrections, two others resigned this week — Kaitlyn Knospe, a youth counselor-advanced who had been put on leave on Dec. 10, and Nicole Daniecki, a social worker who had been put on leave Dec. 12.

### Bill seeks \$5,000 fine for flying drones over prisons

By BRYNA GODAR

Associated Press

Madison — Republican legislators are pushing a bill aimed at preventing drone operators from flying contraband into Wisconsin prisons as they have in other states.

Under the bill, anyone who flies a drone over a state correctional institution would face a \$5,000 fine. The bill also would allow municipalities and counties to establish areas where drones cannot be flown. Local governments could impose fines up to \$2,500.

The bill follows a series of cases across the country in which smugglers flew drugs, pornography or other contraband over prison walls. In August, a drone dropped a package of marijuana, tobacco and heroin into a prison yard in Ohio, sparking a fight among inmates. In October, a drone carrying drugs, blades and other contraband crashed into an Oklahoma prison yard. Other cases have surfaced in Georgia, Maryland and South Carolina.

Wisconsin has not yet reported similar issues with smuggling, but a drone that lost contact with its operator did land inside the walls of a state prison in Waupun in late December.

"This is really going after people and as a deterrent for people who want to commit crimes using drones," said Shawn Smith, a staff member in the office of the bill's author, Sen. Richard Gudex (R-Fond du Lac).

Besides a fine, the bill would let police seize any pictures or video taken by a drone and turn it over to the Department of Corrections.

The Federal Aviation Administration has been developing regulations for drones, or unmanned aircraft systems. Almost 300,000 drone owners have registered with the FAA since it started requiring registration on Dec. 21.

But some local and state lawmakers across the country believe the federal rules are too lax and have been stepping in to regulate drones themselves.

"The FAA has been coming out with the rules slowly but surely," Smith said. "We don't know what they're going to come out with, so we wanted to give the local authorities the ability to do so."

Under current Wisconsin law, there is no express authority granted to municipalities or counties to establish no-fly zones.

This bill expressly grants that permission and includes a provision that no political subdivision may enact an ordinance inconsistent with federal law, in order to fit with FAA regulations.

The bill has a public hearing in the Senate Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety Wednesday.

BILL PASSED WISCONSIN GOV. COM

**Out of My Mind** 

### Pain can lead to depression

hankfully, I'm on the backside of a bout of severe pain.

There are no reliable objective measures for pain, so it is among the most subjective of experiences, one shaped as much by the mind as the body. This reflects the wide range of pain thresholds we see across

> any given population.

these two

-emo-

tional



Philip Chard

Physical pain and emotional depression are twins sensitivities that simply ply their and physmischief in separate venues.

Just as some of us are highly sensitive at an emotional level, some folks possess extraordinary sensitivity on a physical level. Combine

icaland you end up with the potential for a high level of sub-

jective pain. However, make no mistake; "subjective" suffering is: entirely real.

The source of my agony was dental, although I must add that I enjoyed competent and compassionate care.

Sometimes, despite all our best efforts, things go off the rails. Sparing you the gruesome details this was the worst

anxiety amplifies the sub- jective experience of discomfort.

One tends to focus obsessively on the physical sensations, scanning for any sign that it may be getting worse; which, because of the attention, it does.

Of course, the more we concentrate on something, the more it is amplified in our consciousness, which is why folks in pain often attempt to distract themselves with anything that occupies their awareness. However, when the pain is intense and unremitting, this approach rarely works.

The current epidemic in prescription opioid use speaks to the paucity of healthy solutions for those in physical agony.

Certain nonmedicinal methods provide some relief, such as self-hypnosis, meditation, acupuncture and cognitive behavioral therapy, but these only help.

They don't heal.

Physical pain and emotional depression are twins that simply ply their mischief in separate venues. The rate of clinical depression among those enduring chronic pain far exceeds that of folks not so afflicted.

What's more, people who are seriously depressed often describe it as a deep, visceral ache, a kind of pain that straddles the mental and physical domains.

Both can create suffering of the worst kind - that which has no apparent meaning and seems to serve no purpose.

Philip Chard is a psychotherapist, author and trainer. Email Chard at outofmymind@philipchard.com or visit philipchard.com.

### Bigger fix needed at

y ov. Scott Walker has ordered a rewrite of discipline policies in the Department of Corrections after the Journal Sentinel reported that a supervisor received a mere reprimand after he smashed his vehicle in a drunkendriving accident, was found with several grams of marijuana and drug paraphernalia, and refused to tell his bosses where he had acquired the drugs.

Good for Walker. Such a rewrite clearly is needed. But better might be a thorough review of the department, all of its policies and how it

has been managed of late.

### EDITORIAL

The slap-onthe-wrist for the supervisor comes

on top of a probe at Lincoln Hills and Copper Lake schools, the secure facilities for young offenders in northern Wisconsin. The state Department of Justice is investigating potential prisoner abuse. sexual assault, child neglect and other crimes, and the Department of Corrections is simultaneously conducting internal reviews of employees at the facilities who have been put on paid leave in the last year.

Three more Lincoln Hills School employees were put on paid leave and three others who were earlier put on paid leave quit this week, the Journal Sentinel reported. In all, at least 19 Lincoln Hills employees have been put on paid leave. but the department has declined to name those continuing to receive pay while they are on leave or say how much taxpayers have paid them while they are on leave.

The department should make that information available to the public. Now. The public also-

for a high level of subjective pain. However, make no mistake: "subjective" suffering is entirely real.

The source of my agony was dental, although I must add that I enjoyed competent and compassionate care.

Sometimes, despite all our best efforts, things go off the rails. Sparing you the gruesome details, this was the worst pain I've ever suffered. and it persisted for weeks.

This unwelcome experience has given me increased empathy for folks besieged by chronic and intractable pain. It also demonstrated some of the most salient. features of how ongoing physical discomfort grates on psyche and soul.

In addition to the actual physical sensations, there is also the added sense that one has little or no control over one's nemesis. As I did. many fight back by attempting different varieties of self-care and homegrown remedies.

Even when these don't work, which is often, one still gets a shortterm emotional reprieve, mostly because assertive efforts temporarily renew one's hope.

The downside, of course, is that if you try many things that don't help, that glimmer of hope soon dissolves into despair and a sense of helplessness. What often follows is passivity, a sense of "What's the use?"

The fear (loss of control) associated with chronic pain exacerbates the situation.

Research shows that

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: MARCH 2,2016

par on pain soure quie mise needs the Journal Sentinel reported. In all, at least 19 Lincoln Hills employees have been put on paid leave. but the department has declined to name those continuing to receive. pay while they are on leave or say how much taxpayers have paid them while they are on leave.

The department should make that information available to the public. Now. The public also should demand that Republicans in the Legislature take up a Democratic package of bills that aim to improve worker training, limit the use of forced overtime, increase workplace safety, strengthen reporting requirements and ensure appropriate staffing levels for first responders. That, or Republican legislators need to come up with a package of their own.

The department says that the reprimand given to Stanley Correctional Institution supervisor Patrick Lynch, who made about \$70,000 last year, was consistent with current policies. If so, those policies are indeed unacceptable, as the governor has said.

"Governor Walker thinks that the discipline administered in this case is unacceptable," Walker spokeswoman Laurel Patrick said Thursday in a statement. He's

A union official told the Journal Sentinel that the discipline imposed on Lynch was light compared with what front-line correctional officers would receive if they refused to answer questions about illegal activities. When lower-level employees won't cooperate with investigations, they are promptly fired, said Troy Bauch, who represents workers for Council 32 of the American Federation of State. County and Municipal Employees.

That kind of difference between front-line employees and managers is, of course, unacceptable and needs to be dealt with.

But Lynch's case seems to be part of a larger problem at the department - a problem that the state needs to fix. Now.

### Life Without Parole

Loaded on AUG. 31, 2015 by Beth Schwartzapfel (/news/author/beth-schwartzapfel/) published in Prison Legal News September, 2015 (/news/issue/26/9/), page 1

Filed under: Parole Board Misconduct (/search/?selected\_facets=tags:Parole%20Board%20Misconduct), Open Meetings (/search/?selected\_facets=tags:Open%20Meetings), Parole (/search/?selected\_facets=tags:Parole), Parole Conditions (/search/?selected\_facets=tags:Parole%20Conditions). Location: United States of America (/search/?selected\_facets=locations:998).

### Life Without Parole

Inside the secretive world of parole boards, where your freedom may depend on politics and whim.

by Beth Schwartzapfel, The Marshall Project\*

Reynaldo Rodriguez was 19 with a young son, a good job and no criminal record when he shot and killed a man. As part of an ongoing family feud, someone – Rodriguez believed it was a man named Robert Cuellar – had shot at Rodriguez's mother and brother. Then Cuellar slapped Rodriguez's sister.

"I just blew a fuse," Rodriguez says now of killing Cuellar.

In 1977 he pleaded guilty to second-degree murder, and the judge gave him a choice: A sentence of 15 to 30 years would probably mean parole in 12. A life sentence would make him parole-eligible in 10 years.

Rodriguez chose life. At his sentencing, Saginaw County (Michigan) Judge Gary McDonald made it clear that this was "not the mandatory natural life imprisonment sentence" and said that if Rodriguez was a "model prisoner," McDonald would recommend release in 10 years.

Thirty-seven years later, Rodriguez is still behind bars.

America's prisons hold tens of thousands of people like Rodriguez – people primarily confined not by the verdicts of a judge or a jury but by the inaction of a parole board. Michigan is one of 26 states where parole boards are vested with almost unlimited power to decide who gets out of prison when, and why.

With more than 2.2 million people behind bars, the United States has the highest incarceration rate in the world, and the financial costs are staggering. As politicians from both parties seek alternatives to mass imprisonment, the parole process has emerged as a major obstacle.

A months-long Marshall Project investigation reveals that, in many states, parole boards are so deeply cautious about releasing prisoners who could come back to haunt them that they release only a small fraction of those eligible – and almost none who have committed violent offenses, even those who pose little danger and whom a judge clearly intended to go free.

A recent revision of the Model Penal Code, an influential document written by legal scholars, declared parole boards "failed institutions."

"No one has documented an example in contemporary practice, or from any historical era, of a parole-release system that has performed reasonably well in discharging its goals," a draft of the document says.

Rodriguez's parole file, obtained through a Freedom of Information Act request, includes a scoring matrix that suggests how much time he should serve. Around the country, almost every decision in the criminal justice system is now aided by such data-based tools. But many parole boards eschew them, basing decisions instead on political considerations and gut instincts.

In Michigan, for example, Rodriguez's prior criminal history (zero) was measured against the severity of his crime (6 on a 23-point scale) to produce a recommended sentence of 14 years. But Rodriguez wasn't even granted a hearing before the parole board until 1994, 17 years after he was sentenced.

By then, Rodriguez had earned his GED and worked his way up to head mechanic in the prison shop. He had a letter of support from Judge McDonald and glowing reports from his work supervisors. A prison psychologist noted: "prognosis while on parole is good."

But the board refused to release him and has considered his case only once in the years since.

"Nature of crime as described in public hearing causes further concern," the board wrote.

Because declining to consider a case is not considered a "decision," the board is not required to give any reason.

Rodriguez is now 59 years old.

"Closed to the extreme"

Parole boards are vested with almost unlimited discretion to make decisions on almost any basis. Hearsay, rumor and instinct are all fair game. In New Mexico, the law directs the board to take into account "the inmate's culture, language, values, mores, judgments, communicative ability and other unique qualities."

The boards' sensitivity to politics stems in part from the heavy presence of politicians in the ranks of board members. At least 18 states have one or more former elected officials on the board. In 44 states, the board is wholly appointed by the governor, and the well-paid positions can become gifts for former aides and political allies.

While some state laws require basic qualifications, these statutes are often vaguely worded, with language that is easily sidestepped. Many states have no minimum requirements at all.

And unlike politicians, who are bound by open records and disclosure laws and are accountable to their constituents, parole boards often operate behind closed doors. Their decisions are largely unreviewable by courts – or anyone else.

"Not only are they closed, they're paranoid closed," said Janet Barton, the former operations manager of Missouri's parole board. "Closed to the extreme."

Few others in the criminal justice system wield so much power with so few professional requirements and so little accountability.

"I received your letter ... and frankly was surprised you were not released at your last review," Judge McDonald wrote to Rodriguez in 1999, almost 22 years after he went to prison. "I am sure you know that I have no power over the parole board and there is nothing I can do in that regard."

In many states, the boards' most basic workings are shielded by law from public view. Boards are not obligated to give any but the most cursory reasons for their decisions, which include not only whether to release prisoners but also how long they must wait to be considered again or what they can do to increase their chances in the meantime.

In 24 states, boards need not disclose what material they relied upon to reach their decisions. Courts have consistently upheld this prerogative, ruling that prisoners have no due process right to parole.

"I have no idea as to what is expected of me to gain meaningful consideration from the parole board again," Rodriguez wrote in an emotional 2003 letter to the board.

At the bottom, someone had stamped: "No response necessary."

Paradox for parole boards

Prisoners like Rodriguez represent a paradox for parole boards: Older prisoners who have committed the most serious crimes, and served the longest terms, are the least likely to commit new crimes upon release.

One Stanford University study of 860 murderers paroled in California found only five returned to prison for new felonies, and none for murder.

This is especially true for older prisoners. Recidivism rates drop steadily with age. And older prisoners are more expensive: The average annual cost per prisoner doubles at age 55 and continues to climb thereafter.

Still, these prisoners are consistently the least likely to be paroled. Though they pose a low risk of future violence, the political risk of releasing them is huge. Parole board members are routinely pilloried in the news media and chastised by the public. Many have lost their jobs for releasing people whose crimes were violent.

"There's some offense conduct you just can't outrun," said William Wynne, a member of the Alabama parole board.

Take Keith Drone, who has been denied parole five times – including once when the Missouri board granted parole and then took it away.

Drone was 17 when he and his friends tried to rob a motel. Although no one was killed or critically injured — except Drone himself, who was shot in the head — he received three life sentences, in part because an off-duty police officer, acting as a security guard, was shot in the leg during the melee. Under Missouri law, "armed criminal action" enhancements carry a life sentence, though Drone's plea bargain allowed him to serve the sentences concurrently.

Drone is now 44. "I'm not exactly an old man yet," he said. "I really don't want to be one of those guys."

After each parole hearing, Drone has received the standard line from the board: "Release at this time would depreciate the seriousness of the present offense based on A: circumstances surrounding the present offense."

Of the 10 factors parole board members weigh most heavily in their release decisions, five are related to the crime itself, according to a nationwide survey of parole boards in 2008. The top two are "crime severity" and "crime type."

Eight of the 10, including the offender's criminal history and gender, were known to the judge at the time of sentencing.

Those paroled before the end of their sentence are subject to supervision in the community. The parole board can dictate the terms of release, including how often they must meet with a parole officer and whether they must seek treatment for drug or alcohol abuse.

But those continually denied parole eventually serve their full sentence – they "max out," and the state loses its legal ability to supervise them. The people deemed too dangerous to release therefore become the very people released with no conditions and no supervision.

"When a person is parole-eligible, if they meet the qualifications, if they've done the programming, if they pose a manageable risk, then you want to parole them at the earliest point possible," says Catherine McVey, the former chairman of Pennsylvania's parole board.

Over the past two decades, however, the number of prisoners who max out has more than doubled, according to a recent study by the Pew Charitable Trusts. In 2012, one in five state prisoners was released from prison without supervision.

### Assessing the risk

Determining whether an offender poses a manageable risk is a major preoccupation in criminal justice circles. At many steps in the process – from sentencing to probation – offenders' histories are plumbed to produce data-driven, research-tested assessments of the threat they pose to public safety.

In the past five years, at least ten states have passed laws requiring parole boards to use risk assessment tools and other quantitative guidelines. Many other state boards also use them.

But the quality of the tools varies widely, and even high-quality tools are often ignored.

A Missouri parole board staffer filled one out for Drone in 2001, after he had been in prison for almost 13 years. Because Drone had no criminal history, his score was almost perfect: 9 out of a possible 11. A copy was attached to his parole rejection notice.

Fourteen years after that first risk assessment, Drone was finally granted parole, but his release was set for 2017. He has no idea why and no way to find out.

Some states require board members who depart from the guidelines to explain why. In New Hampshire, lack of a financial safety net or a safe place to live is "the most common reason we would hold somebody back with a decent score," said Donna Sytek, who chairs the New Hampshire board.

In other cases, it's impossible to know whether a departure from the guidelines was for a good reason.

"There's not a way to go back and look at that file to find out why they deviated from the parole decision guidelines," said one former member of the Georgia parole board, who requested anonymity to discuss the board's inner workings. "They don't have to answer to that. They don't have to answer to anybody."

Many state parole boards claim exemptions from state sunshine laws that would be unthinkable for other government officials.

In 19 states, some or all parole board hearings are closed to the public. In 24 states, board files and documents are sealed. In 18 states, parole files are not available to the prisoners themselves.

Georgia, for example, classifies board records as "state secrets," immune even from subpoena. This spring, Governor Nathan Deal (R) signed a measure intended to increase transparency, but lawmakers jettisoned a provision that would have required the board to explain its decisions.

Leaving prisoners in the dark

Some state boards are more transparent. Connecticut broadcasts some of its parole hearings on public access television. In New Hampshire, Sytek scrapped a long-standing rule barring cameras from board hearings.

"In order to have confidence in their government, the public needs to know what their appointed officials are doing," Sytek said. "They don't trust what they can't see."

States that give prisoners access to their files almost always make an exception for victim statements and other letters of protest.

"Someone can be kept in prison indefinitely and could never have a clue that the victim is saying something that may be untrue," said Barbara Levine, founder of a Michigan nonprofit devoted to reducing the prison population, and a member of the state's new Criminal Justice Policy Commission.

This may have happened to Roosevelt Price, a Missouri prisoner who last came up for parole in 2013. At his hearing, Price said he was stunned by a skeptical board member.

"I think you've been involved in other murders that you haven't been caught for," she told him.

By then, Price had served 20 years of a life sentence for shooting and killing his brother-in-law in a fight. His only other run-in with the law had also involved a long-standing feud with his wife's family. He had never been accused of another killing.

"I don't know where you're getting that from," Price said.

"There's things in your file I know about that I think you don't know," the woman responded.

Missouri officials declined to provide additional information.

"Several state statutes prohibit the release of this information," Missouri Parole Board chairman Ellis McSwain said in a written statement. He cited laws dictating that parole-related documents "shall not be disclosed" and that any parole-related meeting or vote "may be ... closed."

### Shift in attitudes

When Judge McDonald sentenced Reynaldo Rodriguez to life, he expected Rodriguez to get out in 10 years. This was, for much of modern U.S. history, how criminal sentencing worked.

Judges would hand down an indeterminate sentence with a range of years, such as five-to-10 or 25-to-life. The lower number was generally meant to serve as the punishment portion of the sentence. The balance could be served on parole if the prisoner could prove he had been rehabilitated.

"The idea was, you should only stay in as long as you needed to," says Peggy Burke of the National Parole Resource Center. "The parole board was in a good position to judge that."

Murderers released in 1981 served a median term of about five years before they were paroled or had their sentences commuted. The tough-on-crime 1990s changed that.

Criminologists began to tout the notion that rehabilitation was impossible. Therefore, the thinking went, the best option was to keep violent criminals off the streets as long as possible. "Abolish parole" and "life means life" joined the political lexicon.

Fourteen states and the federal government eliminated or severely restricted parole. These states turned instead to "determinate" sentencing schemes, in which the sentences handed down in court dictate exactly when a prisoner will go home, and how long he or she will be

supervised afterward.

Boards that retained the ability to release people, meanwhile, became increasingly reluctant to do so. In the early 1990s, the New York state board voted to parole more than 60 percent of those eligible. That rate then went into a two-decade decline, dipping below 20 percent in 2010.

When Rodriguez appeared before the Michigan parole board in 1994, the release of lifers in that state had slowed to a trickle.

In 1997, the Michigan board published a report trumpeting its transformation into "a Parole Board that is much less willing to release criminals who complete their minimum sentences – and much less willing to release criminals at all, forcing many to serve their maximum sentences."

Lately, the national mood has swung away from the punitive excesses of the 1990s. But those who study the issue say parole boards continue to release far fewer people than they safely could.

That conclusion is largely anecdotal: There is no national data on parole grant rates. Each board calculates its rate differently, and some states don't release it at all. There is also little hard data on recidivism among parolees vs. those who max out.

"Despite the best efforts of parole authorities, there is little empirical evidence to support the proposition that we can effectively distinguish those offenders who are truly rehabilitated from those who merely 'talk the talk,'" said a recent report by the New York state Sentencing Commission, which recommended that New York eliminate discretionary parole entirely.

### Crunched for time

Courts understand parole to be an act of grace rather than a right. Legally, boards can – and do – make decisions for almost any reason.

Board files may contain "observations of guards, counselors, and other corrections personnel. Even unsubstantiated rumors may appear," criminologist Neil P. Cohen wrote in his authoritative reference book *The Law of Probation and Parole*.

Many boards deny parole based on crimes that were never prosecuted or facts that were never established before a judge or jury.

"Their offense on paper may be a property offense, but they may have had a series of other offenses that just overshot that," said Wynne, the parole board member in Alabama. "I've seen burglary thirds that were pled down, that [started as] a burglary first and a rape. You're going to treat that differently from a guy that walks in and steals a lawn mower out of a shed."

Time is one of the many factors that prevent board members from making thoughtful decisions. The 2008 parole board survey revealed that the average state board considered 8,355 prisoners for release each year. That's about 35 decisions per workday for a board that

usually has other responsibilities.

"I typically voted 100 cases a day. That was just an average day," said the former Georgia parole board member, who spoke on the condition of anonymity and who had urged a "system overhaul." "You're just talking about two to three minutes to make a decision. The public would be astounded at the short period of time that the board has to make decisions on life and death cases."

The parole process varies widely by state. Some boards review files and conduct interviews, either in person or by video; some only review files. Some meet to discuss cases; others simply pass files from one board member to the next until they accumulate enough votes to support a decision. That's the system in Georgia.

"Most families have it in their mind that the board sits down and has a hearing as it relates to a case. And that's not correct," the former Georgia board member said.

Janet Barton, who worked as operations manager of the Missouri board for 30 years, said some members never examined the files, basing their decisions instead on how others voted.

As a file changed hands, "a board member may not even look at that case, other than to say, 'I trust Richard. So I'm going to agree with him," Barton said. The next board member might say, "'I don't trust a thing that guy does. He's a liberal decision-maker. I'm not even going to look at the case. I'm going to just deny."

For a time it was Barton's job to fill out the form that communicates the board's decision to the prisoners. She became increasingly disheartened, she said, by how difficult it was for people with violent convictions to get parole, even decades after their crime.

Their forms would always say the same thing: "Release at this time would depreciate the seriousness of the present offense."

But that was "not always the truth. Sometimes I'd make that crap up. The real reason," Barton said, was "we don't believe in parole for people like you."

Members of the Missouri parole board declined repeated requests for comment.

"Our statute is that parole and probation records are closed," said Corrections spokesman David Owen.

Lost confidence in parole

In December 2010, the Massachusetts parole board faced a scenario every board dreads: A man the board had voted unanimously to release went on to commit another terrible crime. During an armed robbery, Dominic Cinelli killed a police officer.

Headlines blared: "Massachusetts Cop Was Killed by Career Criminal Out on Parole Despite Three Life Sentences," Fox News wrote. Lawmakers and police called for decisive action. Privately, Governor Deval Patrick (D) assured board members they had done nothing wrong. He urged them to cooperate with investigators from his office, who ultimately blamed inadequate supervision by Cinelli's parole officer, rather than the board's decision to release him.

Still, when board members arrived at work days later, armed troopers escorted them to a conference room where they found Mo Cowan, the governor's chief of staff, distributing resignation letters, according to a wrongful-termination lawsuit filed by one of the board members.

Patrick still believed they had done nothing wrong, Cowan told them, but he was asking the entire board to resign nonetheless.

"The public has lost confidence in parole, and I have lost confidence in parole," Patrick said later.

In 44 states, parole boards are appointed by governors. Only three states recruit publicly for the job, which typically comes with a handsome salary and government benefits. Parole boards nationwide heed cases like Cinelli's as a warning.

In Massachusetts, where the average board member's salary is more than \$100,000 a year, the new board got the message: The year before Cinelli killed the police officer, the release rate was 42 percent. The year after the shooting, it was 26 percent.

Mark Conrad, the chair of the parole board that oversaw Cinelli's release, was a former police officer with two degrees in criminal justice – and he was the governor's former driver. In many states, the most obvious qualifications of parole board members are their political connections to the governor.

A Louisiana board member, for example, served on the Governor's Commission for Marriage and Family and as a lobbyist for the Louisiana Family Forum, which has close ties to Governor Bobby Jindal (R). A New Jersey board member was a Senate staffer, then chief of staff to former governor Richard Codey (D) before he appointed her.

One of the American Correctional Association's "essential" standards for parole boards is that at least two-thirds of members have at least three years of experience in criminal justice or a related position. But the ACA declined to clarify those guidelines. "We're not going to weigh in," said ACA spokesman Eric Schultz.

Without an objective standard, it's hard to say how many state parole boards meet the ACA's benchmark.

The boards in Arkansas (which is ACA-accredited), Delaware, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia seem to fall short. Members in these states included farmers, executives at the chemical company DuPont, an automotive broker and personal fitness trainer, a pastor, and an entertainment and event manager.



In at least seven other states, board members' official biographies do not make clear whether they have criminal justice experience. Four states — Wisconsin, Oklahoma, New Mexico and Indiana — refused to provide board members' biographies.

Parole boards have recently begun to emerge as an area ripe for reform. In the past five years, at least 16 states have passed overhaul bills, including six that set out minimum qualifications for members, such as a bachelor's degree.

But many of those requirements are broad, allowing for experience in fields such as "education" that don't necessarily bear on the complexities of criminal behavior, risk assessment or the local prison system.

### Facing political pressure

Given the close relationship between politics and parole boards, it's not uncommon for board members to lose their jobs – or fear losing their jobs – for making decisions that are politically unpopular.

"You generally don't get reappointed if you take a controversial stand on a media case. And most cases involving law enforcement personnel become media cases," said Thomas Grant, a former member of the New York parole board. The New York tabloids have a close connection with the police officers' unions, Grant said, and "they can generate a Page One story pretty quickly."

Grant should know. In 2009, the *Daily News* ran a story headlined: "Cop killers' pal: Parole Board's Thomas Grant keeps voting to turn 'em loose." In 2010, the paper asked: "Has state parole commissioner Thomas Grant ever met a cop killer he didn't want to put back on our streets?"

Grant was not reappointed after his first term.

Victims' rights groups, too, now wield considerable influence in states around the country.

"The heavy pressure for being super conservative is from your victims' groups," said McVey, the Pennsylvania board chair. "The advocacy groups are stronger than ever."

The vast majority of the nation's parole boards are required to hear victim input before making a decision, according to the 2008 survey; 40 percent said victim input is "very influential."

In Alabama, it's almost unheard of for the board to grant parole over victim opposition. The board also routinely receives letters opposing parole from the governor, the attorney general and other elected officials.

"That's going to impact the disposition when they protest, almost universally," Alabama board Chairman Robert Longshore said. "You've got a very politicized victim community in the state of Alabama."

In Maryland, Oklahoma and California, the governor has the power to reverse a parole decision, taking a process already implicitly fraught with politics and making it explicitly so.

Dorian Maddox was caught in that emotional grinder. After extensive psychological workups, the Maryland parole board voted to release him in 2005, only to have the decision reversed by Governor Robert L. Ehrlich, Jr. (R) in 2007.

When he pleaded guilty to first-degree rape and was sentenced to life in 1976, Maddox said, "the state's attorney and my attorney both agreed that I would accept this plea and after 20 years I would be paroled."

Thirty-eight years later, he is still waiting.

\* Beth Schwartzapfel is a staff writer for The Marshall Project. Her long-form reporting on the criminal justice system has appeared in Mother Jones, The American Prospect and the Boston Review. She was awarded the June 2014 Sidney Award and was runner-up for the John Jay College/H.F. Guggenheim Prize for Excellence in Criminal Justice Reporting in both 2013 and 2014.

This article was originally published by The Marshall Project (www.themarshallproject.org) in partnership with the Washington Post in July 2015. The Marshall Project, founded in 2014, is a nonprofit, nonpartisan news organization covering the U.S. criminal justice system.

BY: LEON IRBY DATED: MARCH 2, 2016