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I have 2 or 3 people I'd normally ask about this, but I got to thinking ... why not ask all of you this time? If you have some thoughts on it, would you mind sharing them with me?

Ok, 50, no matter how often. I run into this problem, I never seem to get any better at dealing with it. How would you answer someone who insists you are being unfair, inconsiderate, or oppressive? For example, suppose your neighbor plays a TV. or radio so loudly that you can hear it through your closed doors. You ask them to turn it down so they're not disturbing you, but they refuse. You might say they have no right to impose on you with their desire for loud noise, but what will you say if they reply that you have no right to impose on them with your desire for no loud noise? This particular issue comes up a lot in prison, but for sure not only in prison, and the claim of equality of conditions is tough to overcome. I've never really succeeded despite my deep, instinctual sense that the argument is a bogus false equivalency. Any ideas?

Anyway, loud noise is just one example. Another biggic is law. Surely almost everyone has thought at one time or another, "there oughts be a law". Also beyond doubt, many people think that thought all the time, for their entire lives. Same folks just seem to love subjecting everyone else to all their favorite laws, and many don't give a rat's ass how anyone else feels about it. I have a really hard time with that sort of personality, and that's actually why I'm writing now: I recently had a conversation that became more of a debate about the justifications for law-making (assuming there are any). He strongly supports a law I strongly disagree with (a vehicle-related law), and I offered good evidence (national accident figures over 4 decades) that at least strongly suggest that what he wants banned is not particularly dangerous. It's not irrefutable proof that he's wrong, just evidence that his (popular) opinion may be overstated. I argued that if it was true that the action in question is not the "extreme danger" he believes it is, and if it is in fact not very dangerous at all, then there is no justification for taking away others' fixed to act in a way he simply doesn't like. He would NOT hear that idea (even blatantly saying "I don't give a shit what your statistics say, I know it's dangerous!"), and I've seen the same sort of "facts be damned" stubbornness in a lot of law-pushing people, especially ones who push laws that are already very popular ("everyone knows...").

I said, after the discussion was already a bit heated, that he has no right to impose his will on everyone else by taking away their right just because he feels something is dangerous (and is unwilling to look at objective exidence). He countered that it really doesn't matter whether it's extremely dangerous or just sort of dangerous, or even if it just poses a slight risk... he said that others have no right to put him at risk, no matter how small. That seemed absurd to me, so I said that that type of thinking seems to give him a right to ban literally almost anything, since just being alive in the world both entails and creates same danger. I think no one has a right to regulate others just because people will do things that create same risk.

(Continued)

That would be... well, unfair, inconsiderate, and/or oppressive, no? So he claimed I wanted to take away his right to safety, if the act posed any risk at all and I would prevent him from preventing others from doing it. To him, held proved we were on equal footing — one of us was necessarily imposing on the other, so it might as well be him.

I don't think his view is true, nor rational, nor even sincere. What do you think? Can we always just turn the tables and say "you're as wrong as I am for interfering with my life by trying to stop me from interfering with yours."? What then — are we back to raw power, plain old "might makes right"? I'd really like your help untying this knot. Thanks.

This post makes me think of a quote by David Hume (which I pucked up from Jonathan Hardt's book, The Righteous Mind)

"Reason is, and ought to be, the slave of the passions."

Seems backwards, right? I thought so, until I read Haidt's book.